



SRMUN Charlotte
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Unity: Coming Together to
Address a Changing World

Draft Resolution 1-3

Committee: General Assembly Fourth Committee

Subject: Expanding Access to Relief Programs for Palestine Refugees in the Near East

The General Assembly,

Recalling the United Nations Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees in the Near East's (UNRWA) mission to provide basic education, health, relief and social services to 3.8 million Palestinian Refugees afforded them by the United Nations (UN) Universal Declaration on Human Rights,

Recognizing that the usage of technology in supply chains for distribution of humanitarian goods allows for robust and resilient systems,

Expressing its appreciation for the tireless decades of effort UNRWA and the intimate knowledge and familiarity it has developed by working in the area and with the population,

Noting the importance of navigating the Israeli blockade using Israel Defense Forces sanctioned routes and the most effective transportation Member States can identify, including various forms of transportation and multilateral cooperative efforts, made possible by the compromises made by both Israel and Palestine,

1. *Advocates for* Member States to increase funding as much as they are able and willing to, after the UNRWA successfully incorporates implementable anti-corruption measures passed down by the UN General Assembly aimed to ensure financial accountability, transparency, and combating corruption in order to:
 - a. Eliminate infiltration by violent non-state actors in the region and combat internal, institutional weaknesses through:
 - i. The implementation of thorough background checks for all UNRWA workers, and,
 - ii. Initial, intense training programs for UNRWA employees aimed at eliminating internal threats by spreading awareness of possible

vulnerabilities to violent non-state actors and other organizations and their tactics;

- b. Continued preventative efforts to combat infiltration by violent non-state actors and combat institutional weakness through the implementation of long-term measures including:
 - i. Increased monitoring and security of UNRWA operations by more frequent observation, evaluation, and oversight by the UN General Assembly, and,
 - ii. Follow-up, annual training programs for UNRWA employees mirroring those recommended above;
2. *Recommends* that the humanitarian aid distribution for Palestinian refugees be made more effective through a greater utilization of technology by:
- a. Primarily utilizing technologies which are acquired through a recycling program, supported by Member States, while also fulfilling UN Sustainable Development Goals in coordination with the Russian Federation,
 - b. Potentially acquiring additional technology through the UNRWA,
 - c. Utilizing an agreement with Israel to use their air and land spaces for travel in order to maximize the efficiency of aid delivery, and,
 - d. Encouraging the expansion of educational outreach by:
 - i. Deploying more technological resources, from the technology recycling program, to Palestinians currently residing in Gaza to increase overall access to education to greater support a basic human right.
 - ii. Further utilizing the technology recycling program to Member States who accept Palestinian Refugees into their Member State, and,
 - iii. Implementing travel opportunities through the UNRWA, the United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund, and the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, such as accessible bus routes, to provide Palestinian Refugees easy movement to educational outreach sites;
3. *Acknowledges* the importance of using the UNRWA as a resource concerning the Palestinian refugees in the Near East in order to better facilitate the delivery of and access to humanitarian aid, resources, and other efforts of relief programs by:
- a. Utilizing the UNRWA's intimate knowledge of the geographic elements of the Near East, including roadways, troubled areas, and alternate routes to best allow for the transportation of goods, personnel, and other elements of these programs, and,
 - b. Gaining access to the UNRWA relief groups situated in Gaza, currently working to provide basic necessities to Palestinian refugees who have been most affected

by the on-going crisis, and in doing so, creating a functional relationship with the refugees and other individuals of the local population, which is ultimately required to achieve said objectives;

4. *Emphasizes* the secured and monitored use of land and airway passage to most effectively transport humanitarian aid using the politically and religiously neutral American Near East Refugee Aid organization through:
 - a. Coordinated distribution and overall access to Palestinian refugee resources from Member States, public-private partnerships, and non-governmental organizations,
 - b. Collaborations with the OPEC Fund for International Development, the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs of the UN Secretariat, the United Nations Children's Fund Palestinian Program in Lebanon, the World Food Programme, and,
 - c. The United Nations Refugee Agency at large to best negotiate traditional no-fly zones and restricted travel areas.